

# Dynamic configurability in static blocks

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7<sup>th</sup> Dec 2017

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# Why Configurability ?

- For various functional realization
- Effectively reduce the verification cycles
- Attain maximum functional coverage
- Configuration knobs for specific functional requirements
- User specific state flow implementations

HDL Synthesizable Block

Compile time flow-

- Memory allocation
- Binds instances to modules
- Resolves library references
- Propagates Defparams
- Unrolls generate statements
- Checks all hierarchical names and function/task calls

# Existing Ways of Configuration

Error injection techniques a necessity to validate dependability of a system. Most of the developed techniques fall into below mentioned categories:

- Compiler directives
- Parameterize blocks
- Configurable Bit

# Difficulties in Configuration

- Risk of damage for the configured system
- Drastic change in Memory usage
- Increases complexity of block
- Limited scope of configuration
- Large number of configuration knobs
- Limited reusability
- Adaptability of test environment for testing

# Our Idea

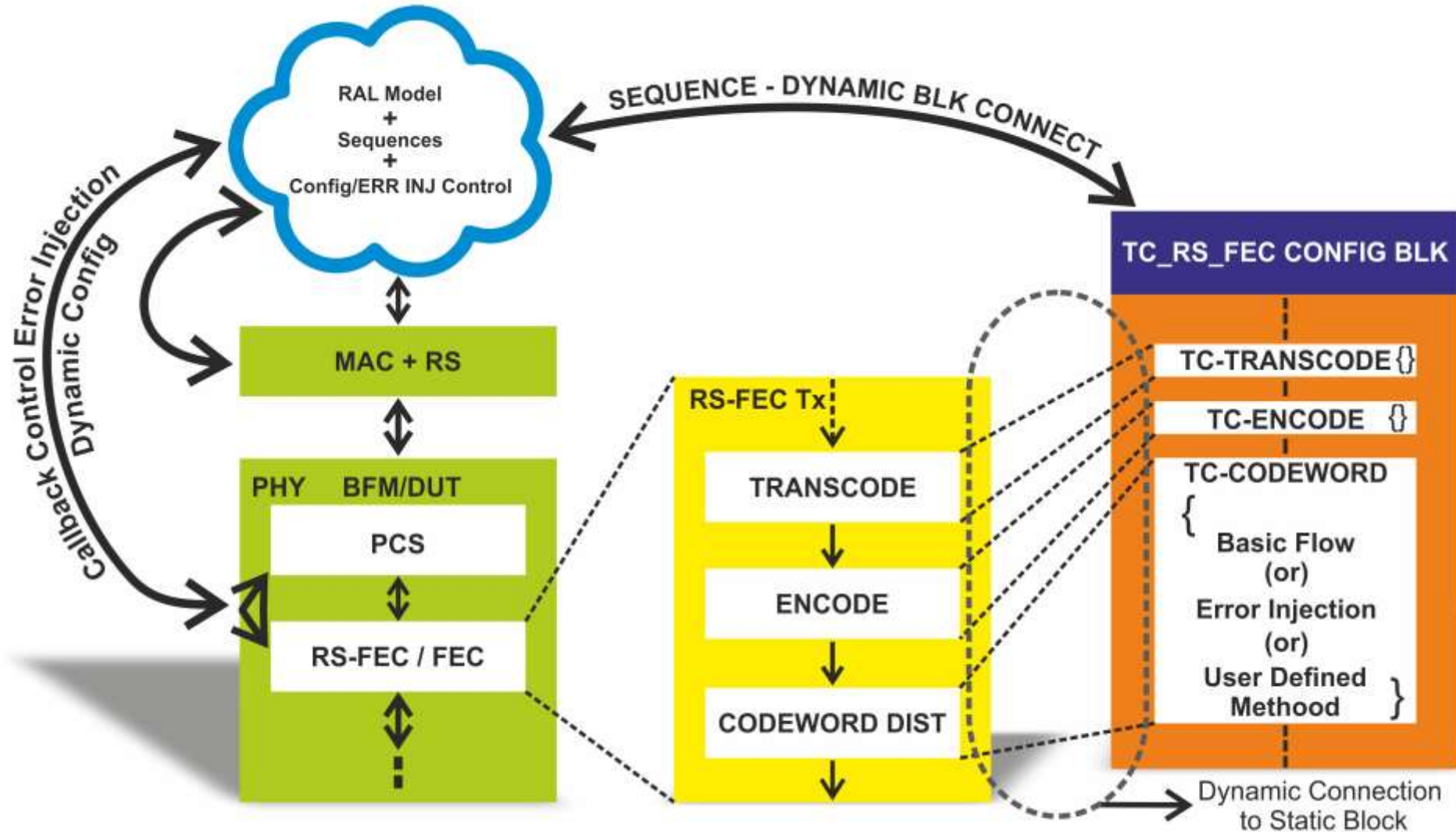
- BFM independent from configuration/error block
- Dynamic reconfigurability from sequences
- Adaptable to future implementations
- Intelligent monitors with self masking
- Easy to use with limited protocol knowledge
- Easy data flow monitoring

# Advantages over Existing Methods

- Easy to change VIP BFM's behaviour
- Add on for future implementations
- Abstract process flow monitoring
- Reduce the overhead of unnecessary data structure
- Reduces sequence complexity
- Reusability of HDL block for emulation and for VIP BFM's



# Block Diagram



# Sample Code- Part 1

```
class tc_ethernet_100G_RS_FEC_Err_Inj_base_Pkt extends uvm_object;

event Err_Injected;
event Non_Crpt_AM;
event Codeword_Being_Sent;
event Valid_RAM;

bit Enable_Symbol_Corruption;
bit [31:0]Num_Corrupt_Symbols;//Also Used for Nibble Corruption
bit Corrupt_Pad_Field;
bit [31:0]SYMBOL_CNT;
bit [31:0]FRAME_CNT;
bit [1:0]FRAME_1285_CNT;
int Err_Position_0[$];
int Nibble_Error_Injection[$];
int LANE_NUM;
bit Dont_Flip_Pad_Field;
```

# Sample Code- Part 2

```
virtual function [5:0] Replace_AM(input in0,input in1,input in2,input in3,input in16,input in17,input in18,input in19,input [6:0]index_count);
begin

    if((index_count>=26 && index_count<=33)|| (index_count>=58 && index_count<=65))
        begin
            Replace_AM = {in1,in2,in3,in17,in18,in19};
        end
    else
        begin
            Replace_AM = {in0,in0,in0,in16,in16,in16};
        end
    end
endfunction

virtual function [9:0] TC_CODEWORD(input [9:0] Symbol_In, input [31:0] Symbol_In_Count, input [31:0]Frame_Count);
begin
    Corrupt_Symbol = Symbol_In;
    SYMBOL_CNT     = Symbol_In_Count;
    FRAME_CNT      = Frame_Count;
end
endfunction

virtual function [255:0] Corrupt_AM_Payload(input [63:0]am3,input [63:0]am2,input [63:0]am1,input [63:0]am0,input [4:0]Lane);
begin
    Corrupt_AM_Payload = {am3,am2,am1,am0};
end
endfunction

virtual function [256:0] TC_TRANSCODE(input [65:0]blk3,input [65:0]blk2,input [65:0]blk1,input [65:0]blk0,input [4:0]Lane,input [1:0] Blk_Count_1285);
begin
    bit [255:0]tx payload;
```

# Sample Code- Part 3

```
module tc_ethernet_RS_FEC(  
    -  
    -  
    );  
  
tc_ethernet_100G_RS_FEC_err_Inj_base_Pkt rs_fec_clbk; //Creation of dynamic object handle  
    -  
    -  
    //Callback method for controlling replacement of AM received from PCS  
tx_coded_buff <= rs_fec_clbk.Replace_AM(unitdata_in_0,unitdata_in_1,unitdata_in_2,unitdata_in_3,unitdata_in_16,unitdata_in_17,unitdata_in_18,  
    unitdata_in_19,tx_coded_in_bit_index);  
    -  
    -  
    //Callback method for the corruption of the tanscoded block  
tx_xcoded[lane_no/4][256:0] <= rs_fec_clbk.TC_TRANSCODE(tx_coded[lane_no+3],tx_coded[lane_no+2],  
    tx_coded[lane_no+1],tx_coded[lane_no],(lane_no/4),Block_Count_1285);  
    -  
    -  
    //Callback method for controlling AM nibble corruption during AM Mapping  
tx_xcoded[lane_no/4][255:0] <= rs_fec_clbk.Corrupt_AM_Payload(tx_coded[lane_no+3][63:0],tx_coded[lane_no+2][63:0],tx_coded[lane_no+1][63:0],  
    tx_coded[lane_no][63:0],lane_no);  
    -  
    -  
    //Callback method for controlling Corruption at symbol level  
symbol_out <= rs_fec_clbk.TC_CODEWORD(data_mem[R_ptr],symbol_count_tx,FEC_frame_count);  
    -  
    -  
endmodule:tc_ethernet_RS_FEC
```

# Sample Code- Part 4

```
virtual task body();
begin

    TC_RS_FEC_100G_Err_Inj_Pkt = new(); //Creating dynamic Error Injection Object

    Create_Err_Inj_Interconnect(0,100,3,TC_RS_FEC_100G_Err_Inj_Pkt); //Creating Static-Dynamic Blk Interconnect

    `uvm_do(RS_FEC_rx_am_lock)

    `uvm_do(PCS_Block_Lock)

    `uvm_do(PCS_am_Lock)

    `uvm_do(PCS_align)

    repeat(2)
    begin
        TC_RS_FEC_100G_Err_Inj_Pkt.Enable_Symbol_Corruption = 1'b1; //Selection for Symbol Corruption
        // (NOTE: This bit is self clearing)

        TC_RS_FEC_100G_Err_Inj_Pkt.Num_Corrupt_Symbols = $urandom_range(min,max); //Selecting Number of Symbols (Random Selection)
        //to be corrupted
    end

end
```



# Sample Code- Part 5

```
corrupt_count=$u random_range(3000,3500);

repeat(`TC_RANDOM_RUN_COUNT)
begin

    `uvm_do_with(MAC_pkt_wt, {MAC_pkt_wt.len_typ == 1'b0;
                        MAC_pkt_wt.DES_ADD==48'b0;
                        MAC_pkt_wt.SRC_ADD==48'b0;})//Write

end

@(TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.PCS_TX_State==3'b011)//Terminate state
@(TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.PCS_TX_State==3'b001)//control state

TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.sync_header_corruption=1;
TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.invalid_sync_header=1;
TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.corruption_count=corrupt_count;
-> TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.pcs_call_back_event;

uvm_report_info(get_name(),$psprintf("Sending %d Invalid Sync headers",TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.corruption_count));

@(TC_PCS_100_40G_Error_inj_pkt.invalid_sync_header==0);
```

# Q & A